

Elizabeth Beacham White Clark Hill PLC 601 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW North Building, Suite 1000 Washington, DC 20004

NOV 1 5 2017

RE: MUR 6953

McSally for Congress

Dear Ms. White:

On August 11, 2015, the Federal Election Commission notified your clients, McSally for Congress and Paul Kilgore, in his official capacity as treasurer, of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended. A copy of the complaint was forwarded to your clients at that time.

Upon further review of the allegations contained in the complaint, and information supplied by you, the Commission, on November 1, 2017, exercised its prosecutorial discretion and dismissed the allegations this matter. Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter on November 1, 2017. The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's decision, is enclosed for your information.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016), effective September 1, 2016.

If you have any questions, please contact Wanda Brown, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

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/Jeff S. Jofdan

Assistaht General Counsel

Enclosure

Factual and Legal Analysis

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

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RESPONDENTS:

McSally for Congress

MUR 6953

Paul Kilgore as treasurer

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I. INTRODUCTION

This matter was generated by a Complaint alleging that McSally for Congress and Paul Kilgore in his official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee")¹ violated the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), and Commission regulations by failing to disclose donor information in reports filed with the Commission.² The Commission dismissed the allegations that the Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30102(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.7(b) pursuant to the Commission's prosecutorial discretion under *Heckler v. Chaney*, 470 U.S. 821 (1985).

II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

The Complaint alleges that the Committee failed to include employer and occupation information for over 70.5 percent of its donors in its 2015 April and July Quarterly reports; 189 of 269 donors who contributed to the Committee from January 1, 2015, to March 31, 2015, and 675 of 956 donors who contributed to the Committee from April 1, 2015, to June 30, 2015. The

McSally for Congress is the authorized Committee for Martha McSally, U.S. Representative from Arizona's second Congressional district. McSally was re-elected in 2016.

² Compl. at 2 (Aug. 4, 2015).

¹ Id. The Complaint is based on a news article that summarizes reporting errors, most of which were the subject of Requests for Additional Information sent to the Committee by the Commission's Reports Analysis Division ("RAD"). Dylan Smith, Errors in McSally Campaign Reports Add up to Millions, TUSCON SENTINEL.COM, July 17, 2015 at http://www.tucsonsentinel.com/local/report/071715_mcsally/errors-mcsally-campaign-reports-add-up-millions/.

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Complaint also cites to information suggesting that the Committee failed to disclose the

2 employer and occupation for 26 percent of its donors in the 2014 election cycle.⁴

The Committee acknowledges that its 2015 April Quarterly and July Quarterly reports were missing employer and occupation information, but avers that it had procedures in place to comply with the Commission's "best efforts" requirements, including: (1) printed solicitations that included requests for contributor information and a statement of the Act's requirement to collect the information; (2) printed follow-up requests for missing information; and (3) amending disclosure reports to include missing contributor information. Further, the Committee indicates that as a result of follow-up requests, it had obtained missing information for 330 individual contributors from the 2016 election cycle and was in the process of amending its disclosure reports. The Committee also maintains that it similarly used best efforts to obtain information from its 2014 campaign contributors and notified each of their obligation to provide the information.

Political committees must keep records of all contributions received by or on behalf of the committee, the name and address of any person who makes a contribution in excess of \$50, and the occupation and name of employer of any individual whose contributions aggregate more than \$200 during an election cycle to an authorized committee. 8 When the treasurer of a political

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Resp. at 1 (Sept. 29, 2015). See also Resp. Exhibits A and B (solicitations from the 2016 election cycle that request employer and occupation information and state that the Committee must exercise "best efforts" to obtain the information, and a sample follow-up letter and a list of letter recipients).

i Id.

¹ ld.

⁸ 52 U.S.C. § 30102(c); 104.3(a)(4)(i).

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1 committee shows that best efforts have been used to obtain and disclose the information required

2 by the Act, any report or any records of such committee shall be considered in compliance with

the Act. 9 Best efforts includes, inter alia, making a clear request for the contributor's full name,

mailing address, occupation and name of employer, and including an accurate statement of

5 Federal law regarding the collection and reporting of individual contributor identifications on

committee solicitations. 10 Further, for contributions aggregating more than \$200 per election

cycle (in the case of an authorized committee) which lack required contributor information, the

treasurer shall, within 30 days of receipt, make at least one effort, either by written or oral

request, to obtain the missing information. If contributor information is obtained after the

contribution has been included in disclosure reports; the committee shall amend its reports or

include the information with its next scheduled report. 12

A review of the Committee's disclosure reports indicates that the Committee did not include employer and occupation information for all contributors. However, the Committee amended the 2015 disclosure reports at issue to include at least some of the missing information. Further, the Committee, in response to RAD's Requests for Additional Information, submitted information regarding its best efforts procedures and the steps the Committee took to obtain missing contributor information. RAD has indicated that the Committee provided an adequate description of its best efforts procedures for the 2016 election cycle and amended its reports to provide additional employer and occupation information.

⁵² U.S.C. § 30102(i).

¹⁰ I1 C.F.R. § 104.7(b)(1)(i) and (ii).

¹¹ C.F.R. § 104.7(b)(2).

¹² II C.F.R. § 104.7(b)(4)(1). See also II C.F.R. § 104.7(b)(4)(ii) (committees are not required to file amendments for previous election cycles).

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Given the Committee's corrective actions and its best efforts procedures to obtain

missing contributor information, and in furtherance of the Commission's priorities, relative to

other matters pending on the Enforcement docket, the Commission exercised its prosecutorial

discretion to dismiss the allegation that McSally for Congress and Paul Kilgore in his official

capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. § 30102(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.7(b).¹³

Heckler v. Chaney.